



SRI VAMSHIDHAR HIGH SCHOOL

Academic year (2020 – 2021)

Worksheet

Class: **IX - ENGLISH**

Day – **25**

Date: **29.04.2020**

Phrases

A **phrase** is a group of words that stands together as a single grammatical unit, typically as part of a clause or a sentence. A phrase can be short or long, but it does not include the **subject-verb**.

There are 5 kinds of phrases:

1. Noun Phrase
2. Verb Phrase
3. Adjective Phrase
4. Adverb Phrase
5. Prepositional Phrase

Match the phrases in column A with their meanings in column B

Column A	Column B
A chip on your shoulder	To get to the point, leaving out all of the unnecessary details.
A dime a dozen	Mind your own business, as too much poking and prodding could lead to harm.
A fool and his money are soon Parted	A cup of Joe is an American nickname for a cup of coffee.
A piece of cake	One shouldn't worry over things that have already happened and that cannot be changed.
An arm and a leg	Coming close to a successful outcome only to fall short at the end.
Close but no cigar	Something that's very expensive
Cry over spilled milk	A task that is easy to complete.
Cup of Joe	Someone acting foolish with their money can easily lose it due to carelessness.
Curiosity killed the cat	When something is extremely common and /or simple to acquire.
Cut to the chase	Being angry about something that happened in the past, holding a grudge



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Class: **IX – HINDI**

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इच्छावाचक वाक्य - जिन वाक्यों से इच्छा, आशीर्वाद आदि भाव का बोधहो, उन्हें 'इच्छावाचक वाक्य' कहते हैं।

उदाहरण-

ईश्वर आपको स्वस्थ रखें।

आपकी यात्रा मंगल मयहो।

इसी तरह आप पाँच इच्छावाचक वाक्य बनाइए -



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Class: **IX - TELUGU**

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I. “వితనాలను సకాలంలో అందించ వలసిందిగా కోరుతూ మెదక్ జిల్లా సంగారెడ్డి మండలం వీరన్నగూడెం నుండి యాదగిరి అనే రైతు జిల్లా వ్యవసాయ అధికారికి” రాసినట్లుగా ఒక లేఖ రాయండి.



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Class: **IX - MATHEMATICS**

Day – **25**

Date: **29.04.2020**

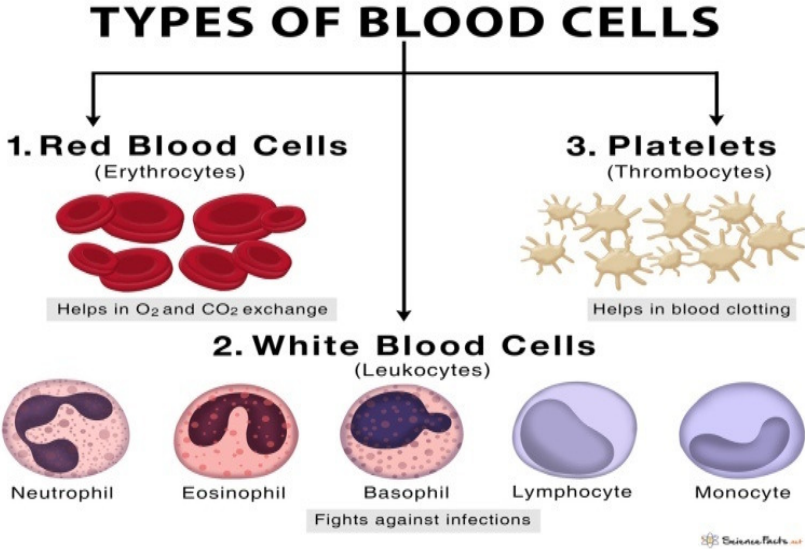
UNDERSTANDING 3D SHAPES

Draw the Nets of the following 3D shapes:

1. Cube
2. Cuboid
3. Cylinder
4. Cone
5. Triangular pyramid
6. Triangular prism
7. Pentagonal pyramid

Tissues

❖ **Draw the types of blood cells three times:**





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Class: **IX – SOCIAL SCIENCE**

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Civics: 4. Electoral Politics

Read general and learn election Chronology and Election procedure:

History of Indian Parliament Elections (Lok Sabha)

The Indian parliament follows a bicameral system. It has two houses, namely the Rajya Sabha (Upper House) & the Lok Sabha (Lower House). The party (or a coalition) that gets a majority in the Lok Sabha gets to form the central government. The term of office is for a maximum period of 5 years or until such time the party (or a coalition) enjoys a majority in the Lok Sabha, whichever is earlier. Here is a look at the history of Lok Sabha Elections since independence.

The data is sourced from the [statistical reports](#) of the Election Commission of India.

The First Lok Sabha (1952-57)

The Second Lok Sabha (1957-62)

The Third Lok Sabha (1962-67)

The Fourth Lok Sabha (1967-70)

The Fifth Lok Sabha (1971-77)

The Sixth Lok Sabha (1977-79)

The Seventh Lok Sabha (1980-84)

The Eighth Lok Sabha (1984-89)

The Ninth Lok Sabha (1989-91)

The Tenth Lok Sabha (1991-96)

The Eleventh Lok Sabha (1996-98)

The Twelfth Lok Sabha (1998-99)

The Thirteenth Lok Sabha (1999-2004)

The Fourteenth Lok Sabha (2004-09)

The Fifteenth Lok Sabha (2009-14)

The Sixteenth Lok Sabha (2014-19)

The Seventeenth Lok Sabha (2014-19)

Election procedure in India:

1. Preparation of voter 's list

In a democratic election, the list of those who are eligible to vote is prepared much before the election and given to everyone. This list is officially called the Electoral Roll and is commonly known as the Voter 's list

2. Nomination of candidates

The only difference is that in order to be a candidate the minimum age is 25 while it is only 18 years for being a voter.

Every person who wishes to contest an election has to fill a 'nomination form ' and give some money as 'security deposit'

3. Election Campaign

It is necessary to have a free and fair and open discussion about who is a better representative, which party will make a better govt. or what is a good policy. This is what happens during the election campaign.

4. Polling and counting of votes

The final stage of an election is the day when the voter 's cast or "poll" their vote. Every person whose name is on the voters list can go to a nearby "polling booth" situated usually in a local school or a govt. office.

5. Results.