



SRI VAMSHIDHAR HIGH SCHOOL

Academic year (2020 – 2021)

Worksheet

Class: **IX - ENGLISH**

Day – 24

Date: 28.04.2020

Proverbs

A **proverb** is a brief, simple, and popular saying or a phrase that gives advice and effectively embodies a common place truth based on...noun. The **definition** of a **proverb** is a short saying that is widely used to express an obvious truth.

Example :

Positive Proverb: Laugh and the world laughs with you, weep and you weep alone.

Negative Proverb: Don't judge a book by its cover

The table below has some proverbs telling you what to do and what not to do. Fill in the blanks and add a few more such proverbs to the table.

Positive	Negative
1. Save for a rainy day.	1. Don't cry over spilt milk.
2. Make hay while the sun shines	2. Don't put the cart before the horse.
3.	3.
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7.
8	8.
9.	9.
10	10.



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प्रश्नवाचक वाक्य - जिन वाक्यों के द्वारा किसी प्रकार के प्रश्न करने का बोध होता है, उन्हें 'प्रश्नवाचक वाक्य' कहते हैं |

उदाहरण-

तुम कौन हो ?

आप कल कहां गए थे ?

इसी तरह आप पाँच प्रश्नवाचक वाक्य बनाइए -



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Class: **IX - TELUGU**

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I. మీకు తెలిసిన ఊరు అందాలను వర్ణిస్తూ వ్యాసం రాయండి.



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Worksheet

Class: **IX - MATHEMATICS**

Day – 24

Date: 28.04.2020

ALGEBRA-SUBTRACTIONS

1. Subtract the second Expression from the first expression:

a) $6x^2+3x+4$; $3x^2-7x+2$

b) $3y^2+7y+7$; $5y+7$

c) $6x^2+8x+5$; $5x-2$

d) $9z-5$; $6z+6$

e) $12x^2+8x+4$; $6x^2+6x+6$



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Class: **IX - SCIENCE**

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Tissues

❖ **Learn and write the following definitions three times:**

1. **Tissues**: Tissues are a group of cells that combine together to perform a particular function.
2. **Plant tissues**: Plant tissues are of various types and they are made up of similar types of cells. They are different from animal tissues since there are several differences between the animal and plant cell.
3. **Animal tissues**: Animal tissues are made up of animal cells. These tissues are usually not rigid since the cells do not have cell wall.



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Class: **IX – SOCIAL SCIENCE**

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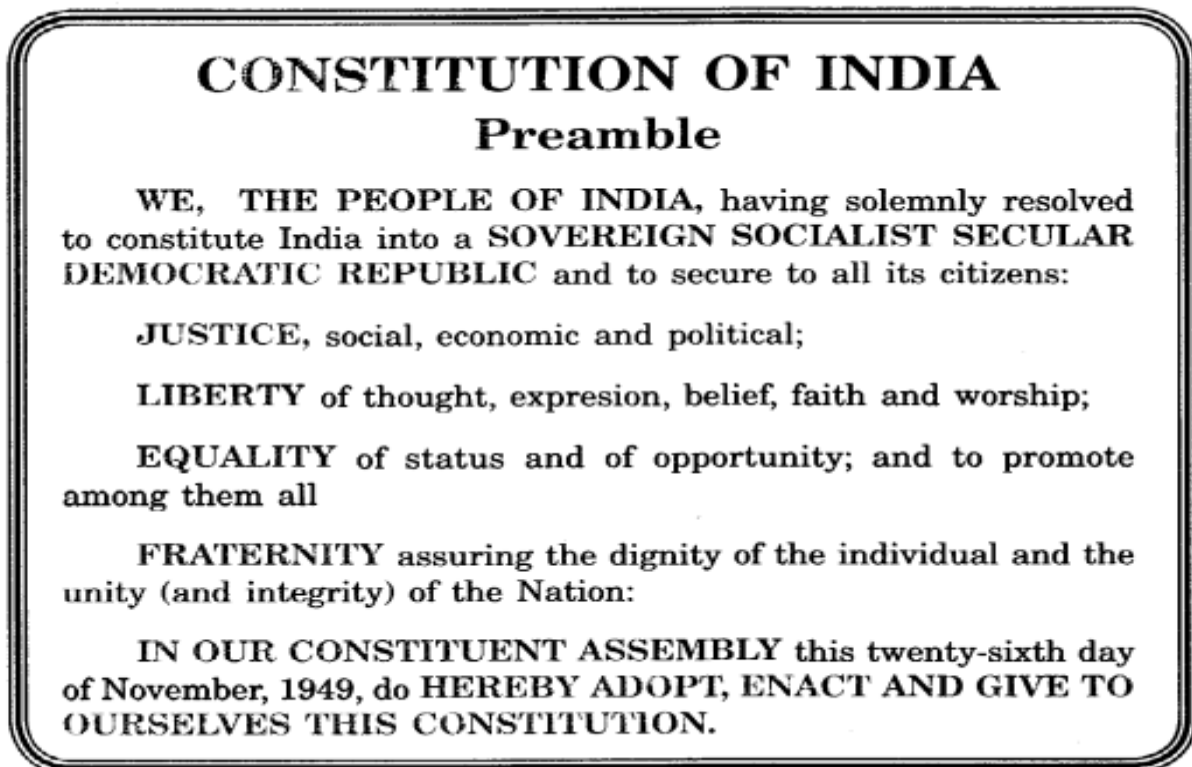
Civics: 3. Constitutional Design

Read and learn

New Terms:

1. Apartheid: The official policy of racial separation and ill treatment of blacks followed by the government of South Africa between 1948 and 1989.
2. Clause: A distinct section of a document. Constituent Assembly: An assembly of people's representatives that writes a constitution for a country.
3. Constitution: Supreme law of a country, containing fundamental rules governing the politics and society in a country.
4. Constitutional amendment: A change in the constitution made by the supreme legislative body in a country.
5. Draft: A preliminary version of a legal document.
6. Philosophy: The most fundamental principles underlying one's thoughts and actions.
7. Preamble: An introductory statement in a constitution which states the reasons and guiding values of the constitution.
8. Treason: The offence of attempting to overthrow the government of the state to which the offender owes allegiance.
9. Tryst: A meeting or meeting place that has been agreed upon.

1. Write one time in your rough notes



3. Read and learn orally.

1. WE, THE PEOPLE WE, THE PEOPLE OF INDIA OF INDIA: The constitution has been drawn up and enacted by the people through their representatives, and not handed down to them by a king or any outside powers.



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2. SOVEREIGN; People have supreme right to make decisions on internal as well as external matters. No external power can dictate the government of India.

3. SOCIALIST ;Wealth is generated socially and should be shared equally by society. Government should regulate the ownership of land and industry to reduce socio-economic inequalities.

4. SECULAR : Citizens have complete freedom to follow any religion. But there is no official religion. Government treats all religious beliefs and practices with equal respect.

5. DEMOCRATIC: A form of government where people enjoy equal political rights, elect their rulers and hold them accountable. The government is run according to some basic rules.

6. REPUBLIC :The head of the state is an elected person and not a hereditary position.

7. JUSTICE : Citizens cannot be discriminated on the grounds of caste, religion and gender. Social inequalities have to be reduced. Government should work for the welfare of all, especially of the disadvantaged groups.

8. LIBERTY: There are no unreasonable restrictions on the citizens in what they think, how they wish to express their thoughts and the way they wish to follow up their thoughts in action.

9. EQUALITY: All are equal before the law. The traditional social inequalities have to be ended. The government should ensure equal opportunity for all.

10. FRATERNITY: All of us should behave as if we are members of the same family. No one should treat a fellow citizen as inferior.